

Primary vs. Secondary Sources

Guide

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Updated:

What is a Primary Source?

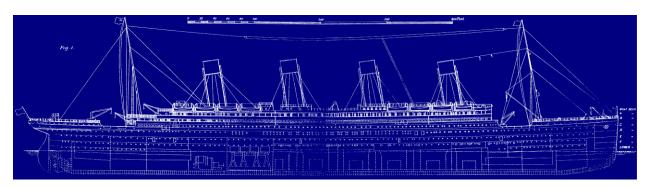
A Primary Source is a document, record, or artifact that was created in the historical era being studied. It provides direct or firsthand evidence about an event, person, or object.

What is a Secondary Source?

A Secondary Source is a document or record that was created <u>after</u> the historical era being studied. It is created by someone who did not experience or participate in the events firsthand.

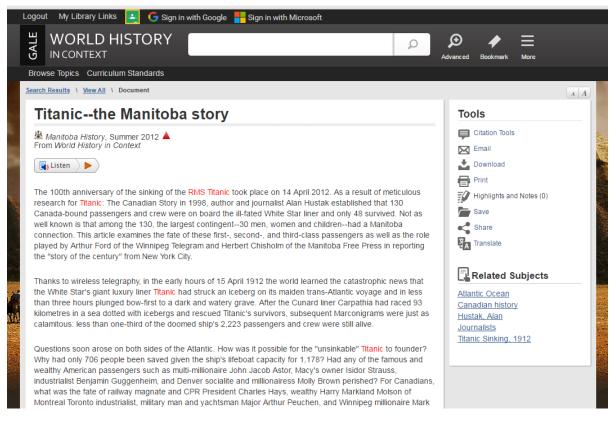
Primary Source	Secondary Source
Diary	Scholarly/Academic Journals
Photograph	Scholarly/Academic Articles
Painting	Scholarly/Academic Books
Object (clothing, furniture, tools, etc.)	
Letters	
Legal or Government Records	
Maps	
Oral Stories	
Speeches	
News Articles	
Eyewitness Accounts	
Receipts	

Example:



Titanic Blueprints, Primary or Secondary source?

They are a **Primary Source** because they were created at the same time as the Titanic and give firsthand knowledge on the Titanic's structural/architectural build.



Journal Article about Titanic victims from Manitoba or with a connection to Manitoba, Primary or Secondary Source?

This is a **Secondary Source** because the author, Michael Dupuis, did not know these people personally and did not experience the sinking of Titanic firsthand.